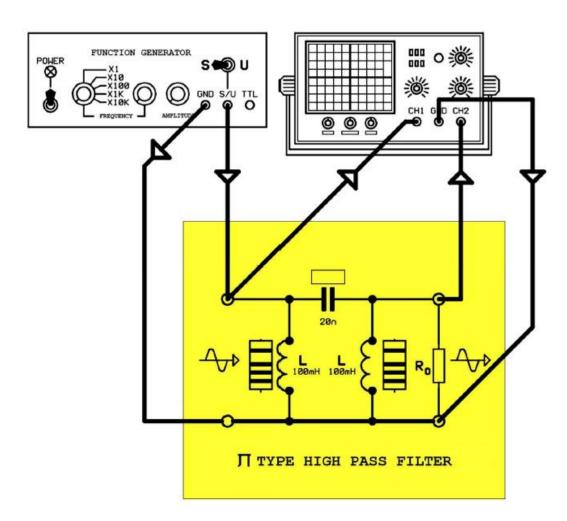
## EXPERIMENT #10\_2 EXAMINATION OF Π TYPE HIGH PASS FILTER

## **REQUIRED MATERIALS:**

- **1.** Function generator
- 2. Oscilloscope (two channels)
- 3. AC Voltmeter
- **4.** Y-0016/03AC module
- **5.** Connection cable

## **EXPERIMENT:**

Adjust the output of function generator to sine peak to peak **Vpp=10 V** and the frequency to **1 KHz**. Plug the **Y-0016/03AC** module. Make the circuit connections as in Figure.



## **EXPERIMENT OBSERVATIONS**

1.	In the experiment <b>L=100mH</b> , <b>C=10nf</b> . Calculate the " <b>Ro</b> " resistance.
2.	Calculate the cut-off frequency of circuit.
3.	What does cut-off frequency denote?

**4.** Apply energy to the circuit. Increase the input signal frequency **1 KHz** each step until **10 KHz**. Note the output signal amplitude to a scale in each step. Especially, measure the output signal amplitude at cut-off frequency.

**Note**: In low frequencies, the circuit deforms the input signal while resisting. This is a normal situation in " $\Pi$ " type high pass filters.

FREQUENCY (KHz)	V <sub>0</sub>
1,0	
2,0	
3,0	
4,0	
5,0	

FREQUENCY (KHz)	V <sub>0</sub>
6,0	
7,0	
8,0	
9,0	
10,0	

5.	there is a difference, explain why?
6.	What can be said about the change in scale?