Spring 2016

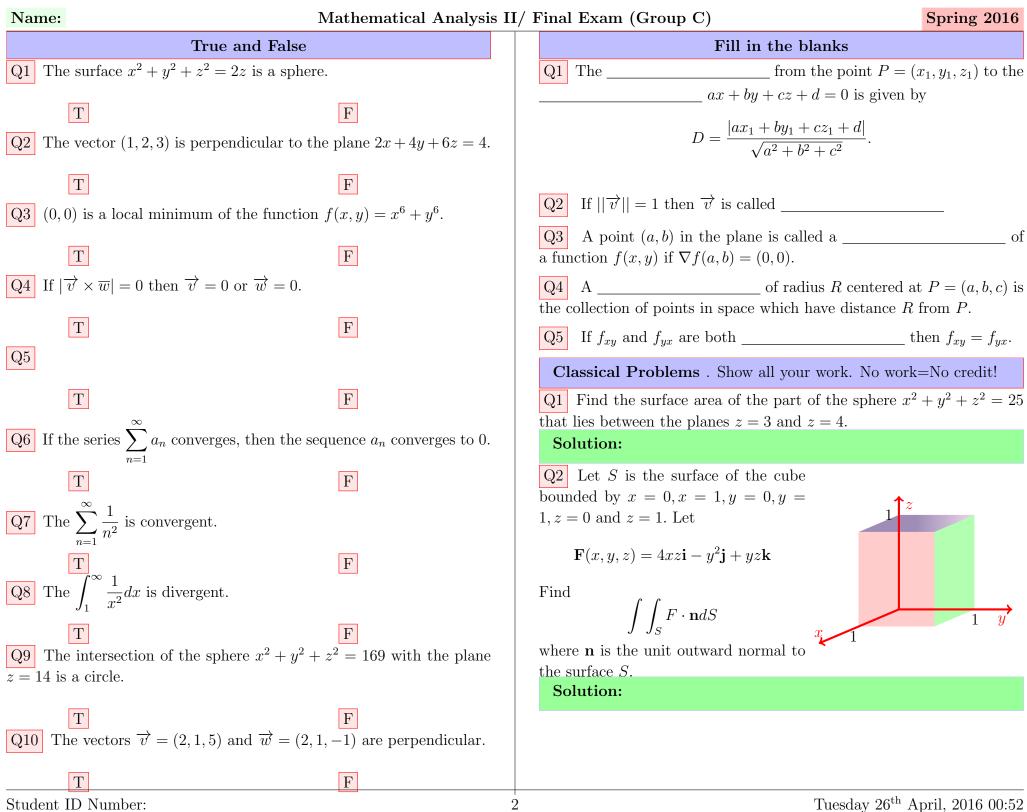
Instructions: Keep all devices capable of communication turned off and out of sight. The exam lasts for 1 hour and 15 min. Multiple Choice Questions (65 points)

Q1 Evaluate $\int_{0}^{2} \int_{1}^{x} x^{2}y \, dy \, dx$ (A) 28/15 (C) 1/24 (B) 3 Q2 Evaluate $\int_{0}^{e} \int_{0}^{e} \int_{0}^{e} \frac{1}{xyz} \, dx \, dy \, dz$ (A) π (D) 1/13(B) $\ln 2 + 1$ (D) $\sqrt{2}e$ (E) None (E) None (D) $\sqrt{2}e$ (B) $\ln 2 + 1$ Q3 Evaluate the line integral $\oint_{\Omega} (x^2 + y^2) dx + 2xy dy,$ where C is the square bounded by the lines x = 0, x = 2, y = 0, y = 2. (C) 1/2 (E) None (D) 13 (A) -1(B) 0 Q4 Find the directional derivative of the function $g(x, y) = (x + 3y)^2$ at the given point (1, -1) in the direction of the vector $\overrightarrow{v} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(1, -1)$. (A) $\sqrt{2} + 2$ (C) $4\sqrt{2}$ (E) None (B) $\sqrt{3} - 1$ (D) 5 Q5 Let $z = 4 + x^3 + y^3 - 3xy$. Which of the following statements are true? **1.** (1,1) is a local maximum, **2.** (0,0) is a saddle point

3. (2,4) is a local minimum.

(A) Only 1	(C) Only 3	(E) None
(B) Only 2	(D) 1 and 3	

 $\begin{array}{c|c} \mathbf{Q6} & \text{Find} \lim_{t \to 0} \left[\frac{\sin t}{t} \overrightarrow{i} + t \overrightarrow{j} + (t-1)^4 \overrightarrow{k} \right] \\ (A) & \overrightarrow{i} & | & (C) & \overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{j} + \overrightarrow{k} \\ (B) & \overrightarrow{i} + \overrightarrow{j} & | & (D) & \overrightarrow{i} - \overrightarrow{k} & | \\ \end{array}$ (E) None Q7 What is the length of the arc described $r(t) = (3t^2 \vec{i} + 2t^3 \vec{j} + \vec{k})$ (A) $4\sqrt{2}$ (C) $4\sqrt{2} - 2$ (E) None (B) $4\sqrt{2} + 1$ (D) $\sqrt{2} + 4$ Q8 Compute $\int_{-1}^{1} \sqrt{1 - x^2} dx$ (A) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ (C) π^2 (B) 2π (D) $2\pi^2$ (E) None Q9Evaluate the series $\sum_{n \neq C}^{\infty} 2^{4-3n}$ (A) 125/9 $\stackrel{n \notin C}{(C)}$ 63/7(B) 161/5(D) 128/7 (E) None Q10 Find the radius of convergence of the power series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3 x^n}{3^n}$ (A) 1 (E) None (C) 3 (D) 4 (B) 1.5 Q11 The value of $\lim_{\substack{(x,y,z)\to(2,3,0)\\(C) \ 3\\(B) \ 2\sqrt{2}}} \begin{bmatrix}xe^z + \ln(2x-y)\end{bmatrix}$ (D) DNE (E) None $\begin{array}{c|c}
(D) & 2\sqrt{2} \\
\hline Q12 \text{ Compute} & \int \frac{dx}{x^2 - x} \\
(A) & \ln \left| \frac{x - 1}{x} \right| + C \\
\hline (B) & 2\ln |x| + \frac{1}{3} \ln |x^2 - x| + C \\
\hline (C) & \frac{1}{2} \ln |x^2 + 1| + C \\
\hline (D) \text{ None} \\
\hline \end{array}$ Q13 Compute $\int_0^1 x e^x dx$. (A) -1 (C) 1 (B) 0 (D) 2 (E) None



Student ID Number: