## Instructions: Multiple Choice Questions (50 points)

Q1 The differential equation $\frac{d y}{d x}=(x+y+2)^{2}$ is
(A) linear
(B) exact
(C) separable
(D) None

If $y=e^{x}$ is a solution to $y^{\prime \prime}-5 y^{\prime}+k y=0$, what is the value of $k$ ?
(A) 2
(B) 4
(C) 6
(D) None

Q8 Consider the constant coefficient ODE $y^{\prime \prime}+a y^{\prime}+b y=0$. If $m_{1}$ and $m_{2}$ are the roots of its characteristic equation, then what is $m_{1}^{2}+m_{2}^{2}$ ?
(A) 1
(B) $a^{2}-4 b$
(C) $a^{2}-2 b$
(D) None

Q9 The Wronskian $W\left(y_{1}, y_{2}\right)(x)$ of the functions $y_{1}=\sin x, y_{2}=\cos x$ is
(A) -1
(B) 1
(C) $\sin x$
(D) None

Q10 For what value of $c$ is $3 x^{2}+c x y+2+\left(6 y^{2}-x^{2}+y\right) y^{\prime}=0$ exact?
(A) -1
(B) -2
(C) 3
(D) None

## Circle True or False, but not both. If I cannot read your answer, it is wrong.(10pts)

Q11 The ODE $\frac{d y}{d x}+x y=x y^{4}$ is a Bernoulli equation.

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Q12 For a second order linear homogeneous ordinary differential equation with constant coeffi cients, if the characteristic equation has no real roots, then we cannot solve the equation.

Classical Problems: Show all work. Your work must be clear and logical to receive full points. No work=No credit!

Q13 (20pts) Find the general solution of: $x y^{\prime \prime}+2 y^{\prime}=6 x$.

## Solution:

Q14 (20pts) Find the general solution of the ODE:

$$
y^{\prime \prime \prime}-13 y^{\prime \prime}+36 y^{\prime}=0 .
$$

Solution:

